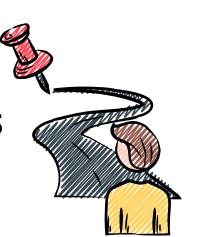
1.Share learning intentions and success criteria clearly at the start of each lesson

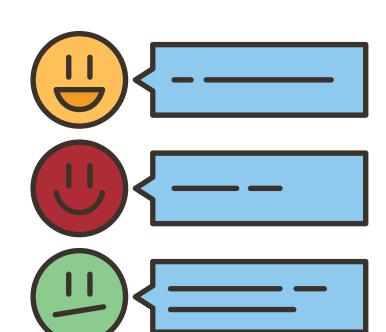


2. Refer back to learning goals / intentinons throughout the lesson

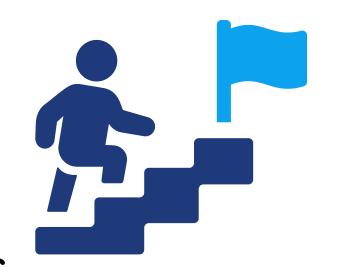


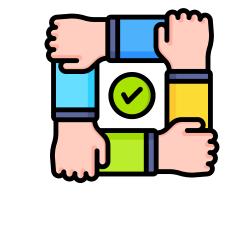
3. Use worked examples / WAGOLLs to model what success looks like

4. Teach students how to give and receive peer feedback (kind, specific, helpful)



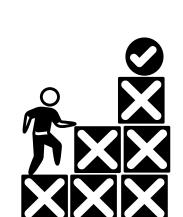
10. Use bump-it-up walls, rubrics, or visual anchors to support understanding of quality and success





9. Co-create success criteria with students

8. Design learning and assessment that considers both growth (learning zone) and achievement (performance zone)

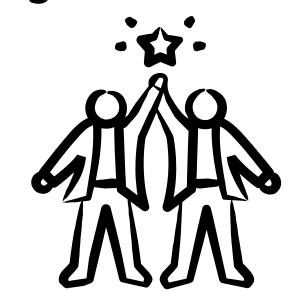


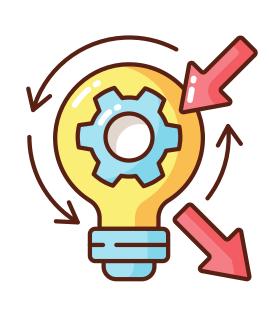
Assessment
Capable
Learners
What are your



7. Build in time for students to reflect on their learning

5. Encourage students to self and peer assess using success criteria





6. Provide feedback that closes the feedback loop - helping students to know their next steps for impovement



Developed with reference to the research of Dylan Wiliam, John Hattie and Eduardo Briceño

<u>www.theinquiryproject.com.au</u>